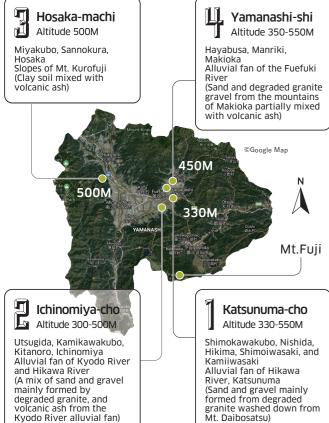
Concept of Terroir

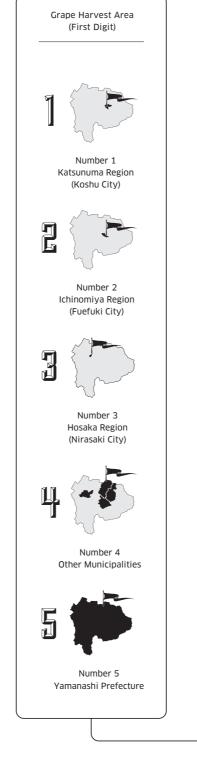
We are growing grapes in vineyards which have been cultivated by the owner's family since the late 1800s. Yields are carefully controlled and adjusted to ensure that the "terroir" of each vineyard is apparent, and the wine is vinified to reveal each vineyard's characteristics.

Yamanashi Prefecture

Katsunuma-cho, Yamanashi Prefecture, is located on the eastern side of the Kofu Basin, a depression formed by the uplift of mountains up to 3000 meters (10,000 feet) high. The amount of sunshine is 2,250.3 hours/year and the amount of rainfall is 1,431.0 mm/year (56.34 inches). (Reference: Japan Meteorological Agency, "Historical Weather Data Download")







Pairings



Our white wines are low in acidity and minerality, so they go well with sushi, carpaccio, tempura, and salted yakitori (grilled chicken skewers).

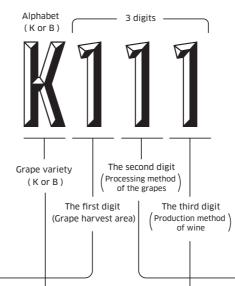


Our rosé wine can be used as an aperitif or a welcome drink. Rosé wines are great with seafood and salads.



Our full-bodied red wine is a great match for balsamic vinegar or soy-sauce based sweet sauces, and enhances the flavor of ingredients such as roast beef.

About Product Names



Processing method of the grapes Production method of wine (The second digit) (The third digit) Free run, Fermentation in a stainless the first juice before pressing steel tank (naturally flowing juice) Fermentation in stainless Blush. steel tank until spring (not juice with the same less than 6 months) and F preparation as free-run (Sur Lie / On Lees) Short maceration, LΠ Fermentation in a stainless short fermentation of steel tank and barrel aging skins, juice and seeds Saignée rosé, Fermentation in barrel and short fermentation of stainless steel tank storage skins, juice and seeds Free-run and pressed juice, combination of the first juice Barrel fermentation and before pressing (naturally barrel aging ΓL. flowing juice) and pressed juice Rosé courted, When the Original blend wine to P color of the skin begins to give further depth of Π bleed, the juice is pressed taste (Assemblage) Secondary fermentation Pressed iuice in a tank (Charmat Method) Sparkling wine Fermented red. Secondary fermentation skins, seeds and juice are in a bottle pressed to extract their full (Traditional Method) Sparkling wine color Concentrated juice, remove water from juice to raise sugar content Saignée (concentrated courted), greater concentration of skins to juice to produce deep color